## **Exercises with matrices**

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## 1 Operations with matrices

**Exercise 1.** Let be the matrices

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 6 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad E = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

1. What is the size of the previous matrices?

2. Can you name the types or characteristics of those types as defined in section L 2.3?

Exercise 2.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 6 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 & 1 \\ 5 & 5 & 4 \\ 9 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 & 7 \\ 1 & 8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Do the following operations.

- 1. A + B.
- 2. A C.
- 3. 2A + B 3C.
- 4.  $A \cdot B$ .

- 5.  $B \cdot C$
- 6.  $A \cdot B \cdot C$ .
- 7.  $|A|, |B| \neq |C|.$

Calculating inverses:

- 1. Calculate  $A^{-1}$  by Gauss.
- 2. Calculate  $B^{-1}$  using the adjoint matrix.

## Exercise 3.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 \\ 5 & 8 \\ 10 & 16 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 & 7 \\ 1 & 8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate, if you can, the following matrices. If you can't, explain why.

- 1. A + B, A + C.
- 2.  $A \cdot B + C$ ,  $B \cdot A + C$ .
- 3. ABC, BAC.
- 4. |A| + |B|.
- 5.  $A^2, C^2$ .
- 6.  $C^{-1}$ .
- 7. rank(A), rank(B), rank(C).
- 8.  $A^T$ ,  $B^T$  i  $C^T$ .
- 9. Is some of the previous matrices symmetric? Which condition must a matrix meet to be symmetric?

**Exercise 4.** Answer the following questions

- What is the maximum range of a matrix  $m \times n$ ?
- How can we compute the range?
- Write all the minors of size two of the matrix C on the previous exercise.

**Exercise 5.** Let the vector b be

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

• Can you define a matrix representing the following linear application  $\phi$ ? What will be the dimension of the matrix? Why?

$$\phi(b) = \begin{pmatrix} 2b_1 - b_2 + 3b_3\\ b_2 - b_1 + 4b_3\\ 5b_1 - b_2 + b_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercise 6.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- 1. Calculate the determinant of A developing it by rows (or columns).
- 2. Calculate the determinant of A using equivalent matrices.

**Exercise 7.** \* Let X some square matrix such that

$$X^2 + X + I = 0$$

- What can we say about its determinant?
- And about the invertibility of X? Why?
- Can you express the inverse of X as a function of X?

**Exercise 8.** \* Let C be as in exercise 3.

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 & 7 \\ 1 & 8 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

If we have the system

$$C^2 + CX + I = 0$$

What should be the dimensions of X? Compute the value of X.

**Exercise 9.** Be the matrices

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}; \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Without performing any operation, answer.

- 1. Calculate |A| i |B|.
- 2. Calculate |AB|.
- 3. Is true that |AB| = |BA|?
- 4. Is true that AB = BA?

Exercise 10. Let

$$v = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\4\\5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad w = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\2\\3 \end{pmatrix}, r = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\1\\4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Can you express r as a linear combination of v and w? Why? Why not?
- Is the set of these three vector linearly independent? Why? Why not?
- Let A be a matrix with columns v, w and r (in that order). Is A singular? What is the rank of the matrix? What happens if we change the order of the columns?

## Exercise 11. \*

- 1. Calculate the eigenvalues of matrices in exercise 2.
- 2. Calculate its trace.
- 3. Are those matrices positive definite?